

## Medication Deferral List

SOME MEDICATIONS MAY AFFECT YOUR ELIGIBILITY TO DONATE BLOOD. PLEASE TELL US IF YOU...			
Are being treated with the following types of medications...	or have taken...	which is also called...	anytime in the last...
<b>Anti-platelet agents (usually taken to prevent stroke or heart attack)</b>	Feldene	piroxicam	2 Days
	Brilinta	ticagrelor	7 Days
	Effient	prasugrel	
	Plavix	clopidogrel	14 Days
	Ticlid	ticlopidine	
	Zontivity	vorapaxar	
<b>Anticoagulants or “blood thinners” (usually to prevent blood clots in the legs and lungs and to prevent strokes)</b>	Eliquis	apixaban	2 Days
	Fragmin	dalteparin	
	Lovenox	enoxaparin	
	Pradaxa	dabigatran	
	Savaysa	edoxaban	
	Xarelto	rivaroxaban	
	Coumadin Warfilone Jantoven	warfarin	7 Days
	Heparin (all types)	heparin	
	Arixtra	fondaparinux	
	<b>Acne treatment</b>	Absorica Accutane Amnesteem Claravis Myorisan Sotret Zenatane	isotretinoin
<b>Hair loss remedy</b>	Propecia	finasteride	
<b>Prostate symptoms</b>	Proscar		dutasteride
<b>Basal Cell Skin Cancer</b>	Avodart Jalyn	vismodegib sonidegib	
<b>Relapsing Multiple Sclerosis</b>	Erivedge Odomzo		teriflunomide
<b>Psoriasis</b>	Aubagio	acitretin	3 Years
<b>Hepatitis exposure</b>	Tegison*	etretinate	Ever
<b>Hepatitis exposure</b>	Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	HBIG	12 Months
<b>Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine</b>			12 Months, or as indicated by Medical Director
<b>Growth hormone from human pituitary glands*</b>			Ever
<b>Insulin from Cows (Bovine or Beef Insulin) manufactured in the United Kingdom*</b>			Ever

\* No longer available in US

DO NOT discontinue medications prescribed or recommended by your physicians in order to donate blood.



**Some medications affect your eligibility as a blood donor, for the following reasons:**

**Anti-platelet agents affect platelet function**, so people taking these drugs should not donate platelets for the indicated time; however, you may still be able to donate whole blood or red blood cells by apheresis.

**Anticoagulants or "blood thinners"** are used to treat or prevent blood clots in the legs, lungs, or other parts of the body, and to prevent strokes. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate; however, you may still be able to donate whole blood or red blood cells by apheresis.

**Isotretinoin, finasteride, dutasteride, acitretin, and etretinate** can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage the unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

**Erivedge (vismodegib), Aubagio (teriflunomide), Odomzo (sonidegib)** can cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

**Growth hormone from human pituitary glands** was prescribed for children with delayed or impaired growth. The hormone was obtained from human pituitary glands, which are in the brain. Some people who took this hormone developed a rare nervous system condition called Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD, for short).

**Insulin from cows (bovine, or beef, insulin)** is an injected medicine used to treat diabetes. If this insulin came to the US from the United Kingdom (where "mad cow disease" has occurred) it could contain material from cattle that have "mad cow disease." Although no cases of the human type of "mad cow disease" have been reported in people treated with bovine (beef) insulin, there is concern that someone exposed to "mad cow disease" through beef insulin could transmit it to someone who receives their blood.

**Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HBIG)** is an injected material used to prevent hepatitis B infection following a possible or known exposure to hepatitis B. HBIG does not prevent hepatitis B infection in every case, therefore, persons who have received HBIG must wait to donate blood.

**Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine** is usually associated with a research study, and the effect on the safety of transfused blood is unknown.

**Donors SHOULD NOT discontinue medications prescribed or recommended by their physicians in order to donate blood.**